

## AUTHOR'S REPLY TO COMMENT

Field *et al.* (1967) treatment of a heating particle is correct but the numerical example treats a not-so-interesting case which may lead to a misleading conclusion. In their case a 100  $\mu\text{m}$  particle is subject to a heat flux of 41.8  $\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$  (10  $\text{cal}/\text{cm}^2 \text{ s}$ ) which causes a heating rate of  $1.2 \times 10^4 \text{ K/s}$ . The difference in the temperature between the surface and the center ( $\Delta T$ ) is 42 K. Gat (1986) treats a case in which the heating rate is  $2 \times 10^5 \text{ K/s}$  which according to Field's analysis would result in a  $\Delta T = 700 \text{ K}$ . Further, Gat calculates internal temperature distribution in the presence of an endothermic (pyrolysis) reaction. This is equivalent to a reduction in the thermal diffusivity (due to the capacity to absorb heat by the reaction), further increasing the internal  $\Delta T$ . This effect is further demonstrated when the thermal conductivity is changed by factor of three (Figures 3 and 4; Gat 1986); this change increased the  $\Delta T$  from roughly 200 K to 600 K.

The internal  $\Delta T$  is thus shown to be directly related to the particle's thermal properties, and small variations in these properties can change the internal  $\Delta T$  from a benign to a very significant value (in particular at heating rates applicable to high intensity combustors). Since the thermal conductivity of coals may vary (Smoot, *et al.*, 1985, list thermal conductivities ranging over a factor of 4), one should not rush to the conclusion that the particle's temperature is always uniform.

Finally, the ordered "rocketing" effect observed in the laser heating experiments (Figure 1; Gat, 1986) cannot be explained if the particle temperature were uniform.

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## REFERENCES

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- Smoot, L. D., and Smith, P. J. (1985). *Coal Combustion and Gasification*. The Plenum Press, pp. 19-20.